REHAB NEWS



Submitted By: Therapy Department at Healthcare Therapy Services, Inc

Diabetes Management & Prevention

Diabetes is a chronic disease that affects how your body turns food into energy. There is not any one specific cause of diabetes however there are many factors which contribute to a higher risk of getting the disease including but not limited to genetics, obesity, physical inactivity, high blood pressure and cardiovascular disease.

Type 1 Diabetes - Caused by genetics and unknown factors

There is no cure, however it can be managed to prevent further diabetes-related complications.

Type 2 Diabetes - Caused by genetics and lifestyle factors
Can be prevented or delayed with healthy lifestyle changes.

Prediabetes affects more than 84 million adults in America

Losing weight and staying active can greatly reduce your risk for developing type 2 diabetes.

Healthy Lifestyle Choices

Diet – A healthy diet is one that is rich in nutrients and low in calories. Eat foods high in fiber such as fresh fruit, vegetables, whole grains and nuts.

Hydration – Be sure to drink plenty of water and avoid sugary drinks and caffeine.

Exercise – It's very important to exercise for 45 minutes or more at least 3-4 times per week. Walking, riding a bicycle, running, and swimming are a few examples.

Therapy's Role in Managing Diabetes

Occupational Therapy can help improve the individual's physical, cognitive, psychosocial, and sensory aspects; which are important in all aspects of everyday living activities.

Physical Therapy can assess to determine a set exercise routine that would be safe and beneficial. Also, diabetic neuropathy can be treated with massage, balance and gait training, and conditioning.

Speech Therapy can assist with difficulty swallowing or talking, due to complications of diabetes.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

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